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SOCIO-ECONOMIC SATISFACTION OF ORANG ASLI IN
STRUCTURED RESETTLEMENT PROGRAMME IN THE
PARLIAMENTARY CONSTITUENCY OF
CAMERON HIGHLANDS



DEVAMANY A/L S. KRISHNASAMY (900115)

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STRUCTURED RESETTLEMENT PROGRAMME IN THE
PARLIAMENTARY CONSTITUENCY OF
CAMERON HIGHLANDS**



DEVAMANY A/L S. KRISHNASAMY (900115)

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Universiti Utara Malaysia



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: **ASSOC. PROF.DR. KHAIRI ARIFFIN**

Tandatangan
(Signature)

Pemeriksa Dalam
(Internal Examiner)

: **DR. NORLAILA ABDULLAH CHIK**

Tandatangan
(Signature)

Tarikh: **25 APRIL 2018**
Date

Nama Pelajar
(Name of Student)

: DATO' SRI DEVAMANY S KRISHNASAMY (900115)

Tajuk Tesis
(Title of the Thesis)

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Penyelia
(Supervisor)

: PROF. MADYA DR. TUAN PAH ROKIAH
SYED HUSSAIN



UUM
Universiti Utara Malaysia


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DECLARATION

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ABSTRACT

Previous studies have not yet to explore the differentiation among socio-economic aspects of the Orang Asli community in the Structured Resettlement Program (ie the Resettlement Program and the Village Resettlement Program) in Cameron Highlands Parliamentary Constituency. Therefore, the main objective of this study is to examine the differences in satisfaction of socio-economic aspects among Orang Asli within the Resettlement Program and Village Resettlement Program. In addition, the objective of study is to identify the sources of income and determine the expenditure of the Orang Asli community. Of the 2,260 heads of households of the Cameron Highlands Parliamentary Constituency, a total of 1,235 heads of households were involved as survey samples in the adopted survey method. For the information on income sources and forms of expenditure, the researcher used the daily log book method for a month. This logbook was given to 295 heads of households for all villages in the Betau Resettlement Program (17 villages) and 13 villages in the Lenjang Village Resettlement Program. The analysis method used for the objectives of this study objectives was descriptive statistic. The main findings of the study were significant changes in socio-economic satisfaction, especially the income of the Resettlement Program and the Village Resettlement Program at 66 per cent and 61 per cent respectively as compared to socio-economic satisfaction before the existence of the Structured Resettlement Program. Whereas, as many as 70 percent of the Orang Asli are satisfied with the positive changes taking place in the socio-economic context after engaging with the Structured Resettlement Program. In addition, the findings from detailed analysis on income sources found that the Orang Asli were still strongly dependent on forest resources as their main sources of income. In fact, their expenditure was largely driven by the purchase of kitchen utensils rather than for children, schooling, personal accessory and so on. Therefore, in the context of research implications for current policy, the researcher suggests that policies related to the Structured Resettlement Program should be continued as the program demonstrates the success of transforming the socio-economy of Orang Asli.

Keywords: Cameron Highlands, Orang Asli, Resettlement Program, Structured Resettlement Program, Socio-economic Satisfaction, Village Resettlement Program

ABSTRAK

Kajian terdahulu masih belum meneroka perbezaan antara aspek kepuasan sosio-ekonomi masyarakat Orang Asli di kawasan Program Penempatan Tersusun (iaitu Program Penempatan Semula dan Program Penempatan Semula Kampung) dalam kawasan Parlimen Cameron Highlands. Oleh itu, objektif utama kajian ini adalah untuk mengkaji perbezaan kepuasan aspek sosio-ekonomi dalam kalangan masyarakat Orang Asli di kawasan Program Penempatan Semula dan Program Penempatan Semula Kampung. Selain itu, objektif kajian ini juga adalah untuk mengenal pasti sumber pendapatan serta menentukan bentuk perbelanjaan masyarakat Orang Asli. Daripada 2,260 ketua isi rumah dalam kawasan Parlimen Cameron Highlands, sejumlah 1,235 ketua isirumah terlibat sebagai sampel kajian yang menggunakan kaedah soal selidik. Untuk mendapatkan maklumat tentang sumber pendapatan dan bentuk perbelanjaan, pengkaji menggunakan kaedah buku log harian untuk tempoh sebulan. Buku log ini diberikan kepada 295 ketua isirumah bagi semua kampung dalam Program Penempatan Semula Batau (17 kampung) dan 13 kampung dalam Program Penempatan Semula Kampung Lenjang. Kaedah analisis yang digunakan untuk kesemua objektif kajian adalah secara statistik deskriptif. Dapatan utama kajian ialah terdapat perubahan yang signifikan dalam kepuasan sosio-ekonomi terutamanya pendapatan bagi kawasan Program Penempatan Semula dan Program Penempatan Semula Kampung iaitu masing-masing setinggi 66 peratus dan 61 peratus berbanding kepuasan sosio-ekonomi sebelum adanya Program Penempatan Tersusun. Dalam pada itu, sebanyak 70 peratus Orang Asli berpuas hati dengan perubahan positif yang berlaku dalam konteks sosio-ekonomi setelah terlibat dengan Program Penempatan Tersusun. Dapatan kajian daripada perincian analisis tentang sumber pendapatan pula mendapati bahawa Orang Asli masih kuat bergantung kepada sumber hutan sebagai punca pendapatan mereka. Malah, bentuk perbelanjaan mereka pula banyak dihalakan kepada pembelian barangan keperluan dapur berbanding, persekolahan anak, aksesori diri dan sebagainya. Oleh itu, dalam konteks implikasi kajian kepada dasar semasa, pengkaji mencadangkan agar dasar berkaitan Program Penempatan Tersusun patut diteruskan kerana program ini memperlihatkan kejayaan dalam mengubah sosio-ekonomi Orang Asli.

Kata Kunci: Cameron Highlands, Kepuasan Sosio-ekonomi, Orang Asli, Program Penempatan Semula, Program Penempatan Tersusun, Program Penempatan Semula Kampung

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CONTENTS

DECLARATION	II
PERMISSION TO USE	III
ABSTRACT	IV
ABSTRAK	V
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	VI
CONTENTS	VII
LIST OF TABLES	XI
LIST OF FIGURES	XXI
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	XXII

CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION

1.1	Introduction	1
1.2	Background to the study	1
1.3	Previous studies of the Orang Asli Community and the research gap	6
1.3.1	Education	8
1.3.2	Health	15
1.3.3	Infrastructure facilities and household items	17
1.3.4	Ownership, development and Orang Asli Act 1954	21
1.3.5	Values and heritage of the Orang Asli Community	31
1.3.6	Change in the mindset and village leadership	31
1.3.7	Poverty and job opportunities	32
1.3.8	Conclusion and the research gap	36
1.4	Problem statement	37
1.5	Research Questions	38
1.5.1	Part one	38
1.5.2	Part two	39
1.6	Research Objectives	39
1.6.1	Part one	39
1.6.2	Part two	39
1.7	Scope of the Research	39
1.8	Importance of the Research	40

1.9	Operational Vocabulary	41
1.10	Research Structure	42
1.11	Conclusion	44

CHAPTER TWO LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1	Introduction	45
2.2	Definition	45
2.2.1	Orang Asli	45
2.2.2	Satisfaction and Operational Definition	48
2.2.3	Development and Resettlement	49
2.3	The Orang Asli	59
2.4	Demography of the Orang Asli	65
2.5	Development Plans for the Orang Asli Community	73
2.5.1	The Structured Resettlement Programme (SRP)	73
2.5.2	Economic Development Programme (EDP)	75
2.5.3	Social Development Programme (SDP)	76
2.6	Resettlement of the Orang Asli	77
2.7	Theoretical Perspectives of Development and Resettlement	81
2.8	The Modernization Theory as Underpinning Theory for the Conceptual Framework of this Research	86
2.9	Administration and Planning for the Development of Orang Asli Community	89
2.10	Conclusion	97

CHAPTER THREE RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

3.1	Introduction	99
3.2	The Structure of Research	99
3.2.1	Area of Research	101
3.2.2	Respondents and Sample Size	106
3.2.3	Data Collection Procedure and Field Work	113
3.3	Research Instrument	115
3.4	Analysis of the Data	116

3.4.1	The Analysis for the Part One Research Objective	117
3.4.2	Analysis Technique for the Part Two Research Objective	123
3.5	Conclusion	124
CHAPTER FOUR EMPIRICAL DATA		
4.1	Introduction	125
4.2	The Demographic Profile	125
4.2.1	Race Distribution	125
4.2.2	Age and Sex Structure	126
4.2.3	Level of Education and Marital Status	131
4.3	The Differences of the Socio-Economic Satisfaction	136
4.4	Source of Income of the Orang Asli Community	155
4.4.1	Source of Income from the Sale of Items as a Whole of the SRP	155
4.4.2	List of Source of Income from the Sale of Items as a whole in the Villages of RP Batau and Lenjang	161
4.4.3	Source of Income from Items Sold According to Villages in the SRP area	162
4.4.4	Total Income as a whole of the SRP	214
4.4.5	Detailed Total Income According to the Villages in the SRP area	218
4.5	The Type of Expenditure of the Orang Asli Community	242
4.5.1	Type of Expenditure as a Whole for the SRP	243
4.5.2	List of Expenditure on all the Items Bought in the Village in RP Batau and VRP Lenjang	246
4.5.3	Type of Expenditure According to Villages in the SRP area	251
4.5.4	Total Expenditure for the Whole SRP	289
4.5.5	Detailed Sum Total of Expenditure According to the Villages in the SRP area	293
4.6	Conclusion	318

CHAPTER FIVE DISCUSSIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

5.1	Introduction	319
5.2	Main Research Findings	319
5.2.1	Part One Research Objective: Socio-economic Satisfaction	319
5.2.2	Part Two Research Objective 1: Identifying OA Community Income Sources in SRP Areas	324
5.2.3	Part Two Research Objective 2: Determining the form of OA Community expenditure in SPR Area	326
5.2.4	Key Findings of the Study and Related to the Problem Statement	328
5.3	Research Implications On Current Policies	329
5.4	Further Research and Conclusion	335
REFERENCES		336
ATTACHMENT 1		346
ATTACHMENT 2		351

LIST OF TABLES

1.1	OA Development Programme	4
1.2	Housing for the OA Community	5
1.3	OA Students Who Have Registered In Primary Schools, Secondary Schools and At Tertiary Level	9
1.4	OA Students Who Have Registered In Standard One And Completed Standard 6	11
1.5	OA Students Who Had Completed Standard 6 and Registered For Form 1	13
1.6	OA Students Who Had Registered For Form 1 and Completed Form 5	13
1.7	OA Students Who Dropped Out At the Secondary Level	13
1.8	Rate of Involvement of OA Labourers for Population Aged 10 Years and Above, OA and for Peninsular Malaysia, 2000	14
1.9	Housing Aid for the OA Community	18
1.10	Water and Electricity Supply	18
1.11	Distribution of OA Houses According To Household Items in Peninsular Malaysia, 2000	19
1.12	Distribution of Percentage of OA Households According To Building Material Used for the Walls of the Houses in Peninsular Malaysia, 1991 And 2000	20
1.13	Distribution of Percentage of Housing Units of the OA According To the Type of Toilets 1991 And 2000	20
1.14	Land That Was Occupied and Toiled 1990, 2003 and 2010	22
1.15	Incidence of Poverty amongst the OA HH, 2000 And 2010	33
1.16	Distribution of Percentage of OA Who Held Jobs According To Usage of Labour Usage, 1991 And 2000	34
1.17	Distribution of Percentage of OA Who Work According To Industries, 1991 and 2000	35
1.18	Agriculture and Husbandry Projects In The 9 th Development Plan	35

2.1	Peninsular Malaysia, Distribution of Settlers According to Race	56
2.2	OA in Peninsular Malaysia	65
2.3	Distribution of OA According to Race and State 2010	67
2.4	Average Number of OA in the States, 2010	69
2.5	Percentage of OA According to Stratification	71
2.6	Category of the OA Village	72
2.7	Comparison of Age Indicators of the OA, 2000	72
2.8	Allocation According To The Programmes In Ninth Malaysian Plan	77
2.9	Development Programmes That Involved Resettlement of the OA, 1998-2005	78
2.10	Evolution of the Administration and Development Planning of the OA, 1939-201	90
2.11	Ratio of Batin with the Total Population of OA, 2010	96
3.1	OA Settlements in the Districts of Tanah Rata, Ringlet and Hulu Telom in Cameron Highlands	102
3.2	OA Settlements in Hulu Jelai, Lipis	103
3.3	Types of OA Settlements in the Parliamentary Constituency of Cameron Highlands	105
3.4	Calculation of the Size of Samples at the Level of Settlements and Villages	108
3.5	Sample Size at the Level of Settlements, Mukim, Daerah and Parliamentary Constituency of Cameron Highlands	109
3.6	Sample Size At Village Level for Research Objective 1, 2 And 3	110
3.7	Sampling by Village in RP Batau and VRP Lenjang	112
4.1	Distribution of Respondents According to Race	126
4.2	Age Structure of the HHs	127
4.3	Sex of the HHs	127

4.4	Relationship between the HHs and the MHs	128
4.5	Age Structure MHs	128
4.6	Age Structure of the Population (HHs + MHs)	129
4.7	Average Dependants	130
4.8	Sex Structure of the MHs	130
4.9	Sex Structure of the Population (HHs + MHs)	131
4.10	Marital Status of the HHs	132
4.11	Marital Status of the MHs	132
4.12	Education Level of the HHs	132
4.13	Education Level of the MHs	133
4.14	Level of Education of the HHs children	134
4.15	A Comparison of the Level of Education of the HHs with the Children of HHs	135
4.16	Main Occupation Currently and Prior to Settlement	137
4.17	Location of main occupation prior to and after Resettlement	139
4.18	Part-time Job	140
4.19	Location of the Part-time Occupation	141
4.20	Main Income of the HHs	141
4.21	Part-time Income of the HHs	142
4.22	Paired Samples T-Test Statistics for the Whole Area of Research	143
4.23	Paired Samples T-Test Statistics Whole Area of RP	144
4.24	Paired Samples T-Test Statistics Whole Area of VRP	144
4.25	Average Main Income and Part-time Income Prior to and After Shifting	146
4.26	Average of Other Sources of Income	146
4.27	Total Income of the HHs	148

4.28	Total Average Income of the HHs from the Various Sources	149
4.29	Economic Satisfaction Level of the HHs in the Current Settlements	153
4.30	Frequency of the Whole SRP for the Source of Income from the Items Sold	156
4.31	Comparison of the Items sold between RP Batau with Lenjang	158
4.32	List of All Items Sold Based on the OA Villages in RP Batau	163
4.33	List of All Items Sold Based on the OA Villages in VRP Lenjang	167
4.34	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Kabang, RP Batau	171
4.35	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Kuala Kenip, RP Batau	172
4.36	Items Sold by the Villages in Kg. Ulu Kenip, RP Batau	174
4.37	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Jelengok, RP Batau	175
4.38	Sales Item by the Villagers in Kg. Kuala Milot, RP Batau	176
4.39	Items Sold by the Villagers Kg. Sarang, RP Batau	177
4.40	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Chelang RP Batau	178
4.41	Items sold by the Villagers of Kg. Simoi Baru, RP Batau	180
4.42	Items Sold by the Villagers of Kg. Meter, RP Batau	181
4.43	Items sold by the Villagers of Kg. Lanchang, RP Batau	182
4.44	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Samut, RP Batau	183
4.45	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Chekai, RP Batau	184
4.46	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Ulu Milot, RP Batau	186
4.47	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Bertang, RP Batau	187
4.48	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Sat, RP Batau	188
4.49	Items Sold by by the Villagers in Kg. Sat, RP Batau	189
4.50	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Sento, RP Batau	191

4.51	Highest Frequency of Items Sold Based on Villages in the RP Batau Area	192
4.52	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Churuk, VRP Lenjang	193
4.53	Items Sold by the villagers in Kg. Sinoi Lama, VRP Lenjang	194
4.54	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Sop, VRP Lenjang	196
4.55	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Gempoh, VRP Lenjang	198
4.56	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Rakoh, VRP Lenjang	200
4.57	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Ngering, VRP Lenjang	201
4.58	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Cheang, VRP Lenjang	203
4.59	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Tunggau, VRP Lenjang	204
4.60	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Talut or Dayok, VRP Lenjang	206
4.61	Items Sold by the Villagers of Bandar Lenjang, VRP Lenjang	208
4.62	Items Sold by the Villagers of Kg. Jelai, VRP Lenjang	209
4.63	Items Sold by the Villagers in Kg. Kuala Encik, VRP Lenjang	211
4.64	Items Sold by the Residents of Kg. Kenderong, VRP Lenjang	212
4.65	Highest Frequency of Items Sold Based on Villages in VRP Lenjang	214
4.66	Distribution as a Whole for Income based on RP Batau VRP and Lenjang	215
4.67	Distribution of Income of the OA in Kg. Kabang in RP Batau	219
4.68	Distribution of Income by the OA in Kg. Kuala Kenip in RP Batau	220
4.69	Distribution of Income of the OA in Kg. Ulu Kenip in RP Batau	220
4.70	Distribution of Income of the OA in Kg. Jelengok in RP Batau	221
4.71	Distribution of Income of the OA in Kg. Kuala Milot in RP Batau	222
4.72	Distribution of Income of the OA in Kg. Sarangin RP Batau	223

4.73	Distribution of Income by the OA in Kg. Chelang in RP Batau	223
4.74	Distribution of Income by the OA in Kg. Simoi Baru in RP Batau	224
4.75	Distribution of Income of the OA in Kg. Meter in RP Batau	225
4.76	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Lanchang in RP Batau	225
4.77	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Samut in RP Batau	226
4.78	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Chekai in RP Batau	227
4.79	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Ulu Milot in RP Batau	227
4.80	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Bertang in RP Batau	228
4.81	Investment of Income by the OA in Kg. Sat Dalam RP Batau	229
4.82	Income Distribution by the OA in Kg. Tual Baru in RP Batau	230
4.83	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Sento in RP Batau	230
4.84	Income Distribution of the OA Kg. Churuk in VRP Lenjang	231
4.85	Income Distribution of the OA Kg. Sinoi Lama in VRP Lenjang	232
4.86	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Sop in VRP Lenjang	232
4.87	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Gempoh in VRP Lenjang	233
4.88	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Rakoh in VRP Lenjang	234
4.89	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Ngering in VRP Lenjang	235
4.90	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Cheang in VRP Lenjang	236
4.91	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Tunggau in VRP Lenjang	236
4.92	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Talutin VRP Lenjang	237
4.93	Income Distribution of the OA in Bandar Lenjang in VRP Lenjang	237
4.94	Distribution of Income by the OA in Kg. Jelai in VRP Lenjang	239
4.95	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Kuala Encik in VRP Lenjang	239

4.96	Income Distribution of the OA in Kg. Kenderong in VRP Lenjang	240
4.97	Summary of the Whole Income Distribution Based on RP Betau and VRP Lenjang	241
4.98	The Total Frequency of SRP for the Type of Expenditure	243
4.99	Comparison in the Type of Expenditure Between RP Betau with Lenjang	245
4.100	List of Sum Total of Expenditure Based on the OA Village in RP Betau	247
4.101	List of Sum Total of Expenditure Based on the OA Village VRP Lenjang	249
4.102	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Kabang, RP Betau	251
4.103	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Kuala Kenip, RP Betau	252
4.104	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Ulu Kenip, RP Betau	254
4.105	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Jelengok, RP Betau	255
4.106	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Kuala Milot, RP Betau	256
4.107	Items Purchased by the Villagers in Kg. Sarang, RP Betau	257
4.108	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Chelang, RP Betau	259
4.109	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Simoi Baru RP Betau	260
4.110	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Meter, RP Betau	261
4.111	Items Purchased by the Villagers in Kg. Lanchang, RP Betau	262
4.112	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Samut, RP Betau	263
4.113	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Chekai, RP Betau	264
4.114	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Ulu Milot, RP Betau	266
4.115	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Bertang, RP Betau	267
4.116	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Sat, RP Betau	268
4.117	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Tual Baru, RP Betau	269

4.118	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Sentoi, RP Batau	270
4.119	Frequency of Expenditure Based on Village in Kawasan RP Batau	272
4.120	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Churuk, VRP Lenjang	273
4.121	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Sinoi Lama, VRP Lenjang	274
4.122	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Sop, VRP Lenjang	275
4.123	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Gempoh, VRP Lenjang	277
4.124	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Rakoh, VRP Lenjang	278
4.125	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Ngering, VRP Lenjang	279
4.126	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Cheang, VRP Lenjang	280
4.127	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Tunggau, VRP Lenjang	281
4.128	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Talut or Dayok, VRP Lenjang	283
4.129	Items Purchased by the Residents of Bandar Lenjang, VRP Lenjang	284
4.130	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Jelai, VRP Lenjang	285
4.131	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Kuala Encik, VRP Lenjang	286
4.132	Items Purchased by the Residents of Kg. Kenderong, VRP Lenjang	288
4.133	Frequency of Expenditure Based on the Village in the VRP Lenjang Area	289
4.134	Distribution of Total Expenditure Based on SRP	290
4.135	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA Kg. Kabang in RP Batau	293

4.136	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA Kg. Kuala Kenip in RP Batau	294
4.137	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Ulu Kenip in RP Batau	294
4.138	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Jelengok in RP Batau	295
4.139	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA Kg. Kuala Milot in RP Batau	296
4.140	Distribution of Expenditure of the OA in Kg. Sarang in RP Batau	297
4.141	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Chelang in RP Batau	297
4.142	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Simoi Baru in RP Batau	298
4.143	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Meter in RP Batau	299
4.144	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Lanchang in RP Batau	300
4.145	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Samut in RP Batau	300
4.146	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Chekai in RP Batau	301
4.147	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Ulu Milot in RP Batau	302
4.148	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Bertang in RP Batau	303
4.149	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Sat in RP Batau	304
4.150	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Tual Baru in RP Batau	304
4.151	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Sentoi in RP Batau	305
4.152	Income Distribution by the OA in Kg. Churuk in VRP Lenjang	306

4.153	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Sinoi Lama in VRP Lenjang	307
4.154	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA Kg. Sop in VRP Lenjang	307
4.155	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Gempoh in VRP Lenjang	308
4.156	Distribution of Expenditure by OA in Kg. Rakoh in VRP Lenjang	309
4.157	Income Distribution by the OA in Kg. Ngering in VRP Lenjang	310
4.158	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Cheang in VRP Lenjang	311
4.159	Distribution of Expenditure by OA in Kg. Tunggau in VRP Lenjang	311
4.160	Distribution of Income by the OA in Kg. Talut in VRP Lenjang	312
4.161	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Bandar Lenjang in VRP Lenjang	313
4.162	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA Kg. Jelai in VRP Lenjang	314
4.163	Distribution of Expenditure by the OA in Kg. Kuala Encik in VRP Lenjang	315
4.164	Distribution of Expenditure of the OA of Kg. Kenderong in VRP Lenjang	316
4.165	A Summary of the Total Income from the Sales based on RP Betau and VRP Lenjang	317
5.1	Summary of the Socio-economic Changes	320

LIST OF FIGURES

1.1	Research Structure	43
2.1	Location of FELDA Scheme	56
2.2	Distribution of Orang Asli According to Race	66
2.3	Number of OA 1947-2010	70
2.4	Conceptual Framework of Research	89
3.1	Focus on Collection of Research Information	100
3.2	The District of Cameron Highlands	101
3.3	Area of Research	107
3.4	Lorenz Curve and Gini Coefficient	121
3.5	Analysis of the satisfaction	122
4.1	Gini Coefficient in the RP and VRP area	150
4.2	Poverty Rate in the RP and VRP area	152
5.1	Socio-economic Satisfaction of the HH in the Current Settlement	323

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ADB	Asian Development Bank
AITPN	Asian Indigenous and Tribal Peoples Network
AHP	Assisted Housing Programme
DEB	Dasar Ekonomi Baru
DOA	Department of Orang Asli
DOAA	Department of Orang Asli Affairs
DV	Dependent Variable
EDP	Economic Development Programme
FELCRA	Federal Land Development Authority
HDI	Human Development Index
HHs	Head of households
IRR	Impoverishment Risks and Reconstruction
IPRA	Indigenous Peoples' Rights Act
IV	Independent Variable
JAKOA	Jabatan Kemajuan Hal Ehwal Orang Asli
KLIA	Kuala Lumpur International Airport
LNG	Liquified Natural Gas
MID	Village Information Centre
MoCHTA	Ministry of Chittagong Hill Tracts Affairs
NEP	New Economic Policy
NIRIPs	National Institutions on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples
NVP	New Villagers Programme

OA	Orang Asli
REPELITA	Five Year Development Plan- Lima Tahun
RISDA	Rubber Industry Smallholders Development Authority
RP	Resettlement Programme or Plan
SDP	Social Development Programme
SLA	Sustainable Livelihood Approach
SRP	Structured Resettlement Programmes
UNDP	United Nations Development Program
VRP	Village Rearrangement Programme
YOAP	Yayasan Orang Asli Perak



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CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The Orang Asli (OA) represent the minority race whose percentage is less than the total population of Malaysia. In Malaysia, the focus on the development policies of the OA has been undertaken since 1954 through the Orang Asli Act (Act 134) and the establishment of the Department of Orang Asli (DOA). However, till today the OA community remains a minority group that is marginalised from mainstream national development or at the international level. In Malaysia, even though the percentage of the population who live in town areas is increasing, but only about one percent of OA community live in town areas. There are development programmes which are planned especially for the OA community, that is the Structured Resettlement Programmes (SRP) namely Resettlement Programme or Plan (RP), Village Rearrangement Programme (VRP), Economic Development Programme (EDP) and Social Development Programme (SDP). Two main SRP are RP and VRP. These programmes involve restructuring the OA villages systematically and equipping them with water, electricity and other social amenities.

1.2 BACKGROUND TO THE STUDY

The OA are the original peoples of Peninsular Malaysia and are classified as the *bumiputeras*. The Aboriginal Peoples Act 1954 [Act 134, 3(1)(a)] defines an aborigine as “any person whose male parent is or was a member of an aboriginal ethnic group,

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BORANG KAJI SELIDIK

KEPUASAN SOSIO-EKONOMI ORANG ASLI DALAM PROGRAM
PENEMPATAN SEMULA TERSUSUN DALAM KAWASAN PARLIMEN
CAMERON HIGHLANDS



UUM
Universiti Utara Malaysia

Oleh

DEVAMANY S. KRISHNASAMY

**DOKTOR FALSAFAH
UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA**

2015

BAHAGIAN A**MAKLUMAT KETUA ISIRUMAH**

1. Bangsa
 - i. Program Penempatan Semula: _____
 - ii. Program Penempatan Semula Kampung: _____
2. Umur (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
15-24 tahun	15-24 tahun
25-34 tahun	25-34 tahun
35-44 tahun	35-44 tahun
45-54 tahun	45-54 tahun
55-64 tahun	55-64 tahun
65+ tahun	65+ tahun

3. Jantina (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
Lelaki	Lelaki
Perempuan	Perempuan

4. Bilangan isirumah yang tinggal bersama ketua isirumah

Program Penempatan Semula	
i.	Anak-anak _____ orang.
ii.	Mentua _____ orang.
iii.	Cucu _____ orang.
iv.	Ibu/bapa sendiri/isteri _____ orang.
v.	Abang/kakak sendiri/isteri _____ orang.
vi.	Lain-lain mereka yang mempunyai pertalian _____ orang.

Program Penempatan Semula Kampung	
i.	Anak-anak _____ orang.
ii.	Mentua _____ orang.
iii.	Cucu _____ orang.
iv.	Ibu/bapa sendiri/isteri _____ orang.
v.	Abang/kakak sendiri/isteri _____ orang.
vi.	Lain-lain mereka yang mempunyai pertalian _____ orang.

5. Struktur umur isirumah (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
0-14 tahun	0-14 tahun
15-24 tahun	15-24 tahun
25-34 tahun	25-34 tahun
35-44 tahun	35-44 tahun
45-54 tahun	45-54 tahun
55-64 tahun	55-64 tahun
65+ tahun	65+ tahun

6. Taraf perkahwinan ketua isirumah (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
Berkahwin	Berkahwin
Janda/duda	Janda/duda
Berpisah (bukan janda/duda)	Berpisah (bukan janda/duda)

7. Taraf perkahwinan bagi isirumah (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
Belum berkahwin	Belum berkahwin
Berkahwin	Berkahwin
Janda/duda	Janda/duda
Berpisah (bukan janda/duda)	Berpisah (bukan janda/duda)

8. Tahap pendidikan ketua isirumah (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
Pendidikan rendah (Darjah 1-6)	Pendidikan rendah (Darjah 1-6)
Pendidikan Menengah Rendah (Tkt. 1-3)	Pendidikan Menengah Rendah (Tkt. 1-3)
Pendidikan Menengah Atas (Tkt. 4-5)	Pendidikan Menengah Atas (Tkt. 4-5)
Pendidikan Tinggi (Tkt. 6/Matrikulasi)	Pendidikan Tinggi (Tkt. 6/Matrikulasi)
Universiti (Politeknik/Kolej/Universiti)	Universiti (Politeknik/Kolej/Universiti)
Tidak bersekolah	Tidak bersekolah

9. Tahap pendidikan isirumah (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
Pendidikan rendah (Darjah 1-6)	Pendidikan rendah (Darjah 1-6)
Pendidikan Menengah Rendah (Tkt. 1-3)	Pendidikan Menengah Rendah (Tkt. 1-3)
Pendidikan Menengah Atas (Tkt. 4-5)	Pendidikan Menengah Atas (Tkt. 4-5)
Pendidikan Tinggi (Tkt. 6/Matrikulasi)	Pendidikan Tinggi (Tkt. 6/Matrikulasi)
Universiti (Politeknik/Kolej/Universiti)	Universiti (Politeknik/Kolej/Universiti)
Tidak bersekolah pada masa kini	Tidak bersekolah pada masa kini
Tidak pernah bersekolah	Tidak pernah bersekolah

10. Tahap pendidikan anak ketua isirumah (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
Pendidikan rendah (Darjah 1-6)	Pendidikan rendah (Darjah 1-6)
Pendidikan Menengah Rendah (Tkt. 1-3)	Pendidikan Menengah Rendah (Tkt. 1-3)
Pendidikan Menengah Atas (Tkt. 4-5)	Pendidikan Menengah Atas (Tkt. 4-5)
Pendidikan Tinggi (Tkt. 6/Matrikulasi)	Pendidikan Tinggi (Tkt. 6/Matrikulasi)
Universiti (Politeknik/Kolej/Universiti)	Universiti (Politeknik/Kolej/Universiti)
Tidak bersekolah pada masa kini	Tidak bersekolah pada masa kini
Tidak pernah bersekolah	Tidak pernah bersekolah

BAHAGIAN B**KEPUASAN SOSIO-EKONOMI**

1. Pekerjaan dalam kawasan petempatan masa kini (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan yang berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
Penoreh getah dan pekerja ladang sawit	Penoreh getah dan pekerja ladang sawit
Kerja kerajaan	Kerja kerajaan
Kerja swasta	Kerja swasta
Mengumpul hasil hutan	Mengumpul hasil hutan
Berniaga	Berniaga
Petani	Petani
Penternakan	Penternakan
Pencen	Pencen
Tidak berkerja	Tidak berkerja

2. Lokasi pekerjaan utama selepas penempatan semula (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan yang berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
Dalam kampung masa kini	Dalam kampung masa kini
Dalam kampung berdekatan	Dalam kampung berdekatan
Dalam kawasan lain	Dalam kawasan lain
Tidak berkerja	Tidak berkerja

3. Pekerjaan sambilan (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan yang berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
Penoreh getah dan pekerja ladang sawit	Penoreh getah dan pekerja ladang sawit
Kerja kerajaan	Kerja kerajaan
Kerja swasta	Kerja swasta
Mengumpul hasil hutan	Mengumpul hasil hutan
Berniaga	Berniaga
Petani	Petani
Penternakan	Penternakan
Tidak berkerja sampingan	Tidak berkerja sampingan

4. Pendapatan ketua isirumah (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan yang berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
RM 0.00	RM 0.00
RM 1.00 - 200.00	RM 1.00 - 200.00
RM 201.00 - 300.00	RM 201.00 - 300.00
RM 301.00 - 600.00	RM 301.00 - 600.00
RM 601.00 - 900.00	RM 601.00 - 900.00
RM 901.00 - 1,200.00	RM 901.00 - 1,200.00
RM 1,201.00 - 1,500.00	RM 1,201.00 - 1,500.00
RM 1,501.00 - 2,000.00	RM 1,501.00 - 2,000.00
RM 2,001.00 - 3,000.00	RM 2,001.00 - 3,000.00
RM 3,000.00 +	RM 3,000.00 +

5. Pendapatan daripada kerja sampingan ketua isirumah (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan yang berkenaan*)

Program Penempatan Semula	Program Penempatan Semula Kampung
RM 0.00	RM 0.00
RM 1.00 - 200.00	RM 1.00 - 200.00
RM 201.00 - 300.00	RM 201.00 - 300.00
RM 301.00 - 600.00	RM 301.00 - 600.00
RM 601.00 - 900.00	RM 601.00 - 900.00
RM 901.00 - 1,200.00	RM 901.00 - 1,200.00
RM 1,201.00 - 1,500.00	RM 1,201.00 - 1,500.00
RM 1,501.00 - 2,000.00	RM 1,501.00 - 2,000.00
RM 2,001.00 - 3,000.00	RM 2,001.00 - 3,000.00
RM 3,000.00 +	RM 3,000.00 +

6. Sumber pendapatan lain (*tandakan [✓] pada ruangan yang berkenaan*)

Pendapatan	Program Penempatan Semula		Program Penempatan Semula Kampung	
	Ketua Isirumah	Isirumah	Ketua Isirumah	Isirumah
Kebajikan Masyarakat				
Pencen				
Biasiswa pendidikan				
Dividen daripada koperasi				
Bantuan kewangan daripada kerajaan tempatan				
Bantuan kewangan daripada kerajaan negeri				
Bantuan kewangan daripada kerajaan pusat				

7. Kepuasan daripada keadaan sosio-ekonomi.

[Tandakan (✓) pada pilihan jawapan paling tepat]

Skala:

Meningkat (Mt)

Tidak Berubah (TB)

Menurun (Mn)

Bil.	Hubungan	Program Penempatan Semula			Program Penempatan Semula Kampung		
		Mt	TB	Mn	Mt	TB	Mn
1.	Kepuasan anda tentang peluang meningkatkan ekonomi diri dalam kampung atau skim sekarang ...						
2.	Kepuasan ketua isirumah memperoleh pendapatan						
3.	Kepuasan isirumah memperoleh pendapatan						

--- END ---

PENDAPATAN DAN PERBELAJAAN ISIRUMAH ORANG ASLI
DI CAMERON HIGHLANDS



UUM
Oleh
Devamany S. Krishnasamy
Universiti Utara Malaysia

Doktor Falsafah (PhD)
Universiti Utara Malaysia

2017



BUKU LOG PENDAPATAN

Tarikh : 1 Mei 2017

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BUKU LOG PENDAPATAN

Tarikh : 2 Mei 2017

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BUKU LOG PENDAPATAN

Tarikh : 3 Mei 2017

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